

**Abbreviations**

Abbreviation	Term
bar	bar (pressure)
bar/m	bar per metre
ID	inside diameter
in	inches
kg	kilogram
kg/l	kilogram per litre
l	litres
l/m	litres per metre
l/min	litres per minute
m	metres
MD	measured depth
OD	outside diameter
P	pressure
SICHP	shut-in casing head pressure
SITHP	shut-in tubing head pressure
TVD	true vertical depth
V	volume

Constant factors	
Constant factor pressure	10.2
Constant factor capacity (using inches)	1.9735

Formulas**1. Pressure gradient (bar/m)**

$$\frac{\text{fluid density (kg/l)}}{10.2}$$

2. Fluid density (kg/l)

$$\frac{\text{hydrostatic pressure (bar)} \times 10.2}{\text{TVD (m)}}$$

3. Hydrostatic pressure (bar)

$$\frac{\text{fluid density (kg/l)} \times \text{TVD (m)}}{10.2}$$

or

$$\text{pressure gradient (bar/m)} \times \text{TVD (m)}$$

4. Formation pressure (bar)

$$\text{SITHP (bar)} + \text{hydrostatic column pressure to the top perforation (bar)}$$



5. Kill weight gradient (bar/m)

$$\frac{(\text{well fluid gradient (bar/m)} \times \text{TVD to point of circulation (m)}) + \text{SITHP (bar)} + \text{overbalance* (bar)}}{\text{TVD to point of circulation (m)}}$$

*overbalance (at the point of circulation) is variable and will be stated

6. Tubing capacity (l/m)

$$\frac{\text{tubing ID}^2 \text{ (in)}}{1.9735}$$

7. Annulus capacity (l/m)

$$\frac{\text{casing ID}^2 \text{ (in)} - \text{tubing OD}^2 \text{ (in)}}{1.9735}$$

8. Volume (l)

$$\text{capacity (l/m)} \times \text{MD (m)}$$

9. Time to pump/displace (minutes)

$$\frac{\text{capacity (l/m)} \times \text{MD (m)}}{\text{pump rate (l/min)}} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\text{volume (l)}}{\text{pump rate (l/min)}}$$

10. Area of a circle (in²)

$$0.785 \times \text{diameter}^2 \text{ (in)}$$

11. Force (kg force)

$$6.58 \times \text{area (in}^2\text{)} \times \text{applied pressure (bar)}$$

12. New pump/circulating pressure (bar)

$$\text{pump pressure (bar)} \times \left(\frac{\text{new pump rate (l/min)}}{\text{old pump rate (l/min)}} \right)^2$$

13. Basic gas law

$$P_1 \times V_1 = P_2 \times V_2$$

$$P_1 = \frac{P_2 \times V_2}{V_1} \quad V_1 = \frac{P_2 \times V_2}{P_1} \quad P_2 = \frac{P_1 \times V_1}{V_2} \quad V_2 = \frac{P_1 \times V_1}{P_2}$$